Indicative Planting Schedule: Seed Mixes All trees root ball, feathered, and 2x age to be planted as shown on The final seed mixes will be chosen to best suit the soil and site conditions and to be approved by an ecologist. Alnus glutinosa, Alder, 300-350cm Species Rich Grassland Mix: Betula pubescens, Downy Birch, 300-350cm 20% Salix caprea, Goats Willow, 250-300cm Sow rate of 4g per Sq. Metre Devon Meadow Seed Mixture Salix pentandra, Bay Willow, 250-300cm 25% from British Wildflower Seeds or similar in accordance with Sorbus aucuparia, Rowan, 300-350cm Natural England (2011) Natural England Technical 10% Prunus avium, Wild Cherry, 250-300cm Information Note TIN101 to limit soil erosion. **Hedgerow Mix:** To consist of the following species mix: Planted up behind or through gaps in the site's exterior boundaries. Planted as double staggered rows at 6-8 per metre and spacings Poa pratensis, Smooth-stalked Meadow-grass 12% of 300-400mm. Anthoxanthum odoratum, Sweet Vernal Grass 10% Cynosurus cristatus, Crested Dogstail 9% Corylus avellana, Hazel, 1 +1 120-150cm BR 10% Crategus monogyna, Hawthorn, 1+2 120-150cm BR 55% Festuca ovina, Sheep's Fescue 9% Ilex aquifolium, Holly 60-90cm C Festuca rubra ssp. commutata, Chewing's Fescue 9% Prunus padus, Bird Cherry 1+2 120-150cm BR Festuca rubra ssp. littoralis, Slender Red Fescue 9% Prunus spinosa, Blackthorn, 1+2 120-150cm BR 5% Rosa canina, Dog Rose, 1+0 120-150cm BR 5% Hordeum secalinum, Meadow Barley 9% Viburnum opulus, Guelder Rose, 1+1 60-90cm BR 5% Trisetum flavescens, Yellow Oatgrass 8% Ullex europaeus, Gorse, 1+1 60-90cm 2L CG Briza media, Quaking Grass 3% Lonicera periclymenum, Honey Suckle 60-90cm C 5% Agrostis scabra, Rough Bent 3% Centaurea nigra, Knapweed 2%

Plant at 3 per Sq. Metre

Scrub Mix:

lant at 3 per Sq. Metre			Leontodon hispidus, Rough Hawkbit 0.7%	
			Rhinanthus minor, Yellow Rattle 0.7%	
<i>alix caprea,</i> Goat Willow	5%	60-90cm whips	Plantago lanceolata, Ribwort Plantain 0.7%	
<i>Corylus avellana,</i> Hazel	15%	60-90cm whips	Trifolium pratense, Red Clover 0.7%	
<i>lex aquifolium,</i> Holly	10%	2 litre pots	Trifolium repens, White Clover 0.7%	
<i>rataegus monogyna,</i> Hawthorn	45%	60-90cm whips	Ranunculus acris, Meadow Buttercup 0.7%	
Prunus spinosa, Blackthorn	25%	60-90cm whips	Rumex acetosella, Red Sorrel 0.7%	
			Lotus corniculatus, Birdsfoot Trefoil 0.7%	
			Myosotis arvensis, Field Forget-me-not 0.7%	
			Agrostemma githago, Corncockle 0.7%	
			Papaver rhoeas, Common Poppy 0.7%	
			Centaurea cyanus, Cornflower 0.7%	
			Lathyrus pratensis, Meadow Vetchling 0.7%	
			Echium vulgare, Viper's-Bugloss 0.7%	
			Prunella vulgaris, Selfheal 0.7%	
			Betonica officinalis, Betony 0.7%	
			Primula veris, Cowslip 0.7%	
			Daucus carota, Wild Carrot 0.7%	
			Anthriscus sylvestris, Cow Parsley 0.7%	
			Silene dioica, Red Campion 0.7%	
			Achillea millefolium, Yarrow 0.7%	
			Ranunculus bulbosus, Bulbous Buttercup 0.5%	

Hypochaeris radicata, Catsear 1% Medicago lupulina, Black Medic 0.8%

Dactylorhiza fuchsia, Common Spotted Orchid 0.5%

Outline Landscape Specifications:

Existing Vegetation:

Any necessary works being undertaken within close proximity and to the retained tree lined hedgerows should be carried out in accordance with BS 3998:2010 Tree work Recommendations, BS 5837:2012 Trees in Relation to Design Demolition and Construction and NJUG 4 Guidelines for the Planning, Installation and Maintenance of Utility Apparatus in Proximity to Trees and in consultation with an arborist.

Proposed Planting:

Planting to be supplied in accordance with BS 3936-1:1992 Nursery Stock. specification for trees and shrubs, BS 3936-4:2007 Nursery Stock. Specification for forest trees, poplars and willows, BS 8545:2014 Trees: from nursery to independence in the landscape. All landscaping works to be in accordance with BS4428:1989 "General Landscaping Works." All planting should be source from local provenance certified seed stock where possible with other sources needing to be approved.

Trees will be planted into tree pits 2-3 times the width of root spread and to the depth of root spread. The tree pit's sides are to be loosened, base aerated and later backfilled with the existing excavated subsoil and topsoil. All trees to be supported with a suitable tree guard and staked with adjustable tree ties.

Hedgerow Planting:

Hedging planted into a trench measuring a min of 600mm wide and 300mm deep, allowing enough width and depth for the roots. Short lengths of individual whip infilling may be undertaken by slit planting. The existing soil should be improved by digging in well rotten Farm Yard Manure or other soil improver. All hedging will be supported with rabbit guards and canes and

Temporary stock proof fencing of 1.2m high should be used to prevent grazing of new hedgerows by livestock if necessary. Any planting being carried out within the ecological constraints buffer area to be hand dug and supervised by the ECOW.

Grassland & Wildflower Planting:

The disturbed areas of grassland will be sown with a mix of tussock grasses, which will be lightly grazed by sheep or maintained by cutting. The areas of wildflower mix will be separated from this grassland by a stock-proof fencing to prevent any possible grazing by animals.

Timing & Aftercare:

Planting of the hedgerow mix to take place during the months of November to March, preferably before January and at a time when the soil is not frozen or waterlogged. The new plants will be watered in at the time of planting and regularly during their first year. All tree and hedgerow species will have a minimum 1m wide radius free of any weeds until 3 years after planting, when they are well established. Weeding will be done using a mulch mat and either by hand or mechanical control as required in order to prevent competition for nutrients from weeds and grasses.

The planting supports and guards will be inspected regularly to ensure they are not impeding the plant's growth and will be adjusted or replaced as required. These will be removed when the planting is established within the initial 3 years.

The new hedgerow planting will be reduced by a third in height immediately after planting hawthorn and blackthorn, with other species lightly pruned and cut later in the first autumn. Pruning will be required in the second year to encourage bushy growth by removing half of the previous year's growth. The plants will be shaped in the third year by trimming both lateral and lead branches. The hedging will be cut on a rotational basis using mechanical methods approximately every 2-3 years and shaped to an 'A' shape. All hedge cutting will be undertaken outside of the nesting bird period (beginning of March to end of August).

The tussock grassland will be managed by light grazing or cutting several times in the first year to reduce competition from annual weeds and allow the grass to become established. Weeds may also need treating through selective scything before setting seed. In the second year and onwards the grassland can be maintained by a light grazing regime through the year or by

Any loss of planting which occurs within 5 years of the initial planting as a result of plant failure will be replaced with the same plant species. Final location and number of bird nest boxes and bat boxes to be determined on site by an ecologist.

